

WIOSAP DEMO PROJECTS: *RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE REGIONAL EXPERTS REVIEW*



***UNEP, Nairobi Convention
SAPPHIRE – WIOSAP Focal Points Meeting
Tivoli 14th Dec 2018***

Jared Bosire

Project Manager, WIOSAP



A Busy week:

1. LBSA Workshop: 10th to 11th Dec 2018

1. Appreciate global, regional and national interventions in combating landbased sources and activities in the coastal and marine environment of the region.
2. Appreciation of the challenges facing the region in combating pollution of coastal and marine receiving waters from landbased sources and activities
3. Explore the tools available for possible adoption to support interventions in combating landbased sources and activities.
4. Promote shared learning across the region in combating landbased sources of pollution.



2. Experts Review of Concepts: 12th to 13th

Objectives:

1. Formal establishment of the Regional Task Forces – convening and appointment of Chairs
2. Understanding of roles by RTF members
3. Review of concepts and recommendations
4. Discussions on the major outputs from the Project – Quality Assurance



WIOSAP DEMO PROJECTS: *RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE REGIONAL EXPERTS REVIEW*



***UNEP, Nairobi Convention
SAPPHIRE – WIOSAP Focal Points Meeting
Tivoli 14th Dec 2018***

Jared Bosire

Project Manager, WIOSAP



Why WIOSAP

Goal: improve and maintain the environmental health of the region's coastal and marine ecosystems through improved management of land-based stresses.

Specific Objective: To reduce impacts from land-based sources and activities:

- *By Sustainably managing critical coastal and marine ecosystems*
- *Through the implementation of the agreed WIO SAP priorities*
- *With the support of partnerships at national and regional levels*



Programme Components

- A. Sustainable management of critical habitats*
- B. Improved water quality*
- C. Sustainable management of river flows*
- D. Governance and Regional Collaboration*



Concepts for demo projects

1. Setting of Regional Task Forces

- Approval of TORs for RTFs by Focal Points in April
- Formal request by PMU to countries
- Nomination by Focal Points.....
- Official invitation by the PMU
- Complimentary expertise
- Shared roles between SAPPHIRE and WIOSAP



2. National level processes

- Background documents
- Call with a dateline of 28th July 2018
- Extended dateline to 15th August 2018
- Approval of review process and criteria by the Project Steering Committee (PSC) in August 2018
- PSC approved TORs for National Implementation Committees (NICs)
- Approved criteria and process shared with Focal Points early September 2018 to kick off National review
- Role of NIC very critical....



3. Criteria for NIC evaluation

Criterion	Score
1. Relevance of the action	15
2. Linkage to ongoing actions	10
3. Participatory project design	15
4. Cost effectiveness/co-funding	10
5. Sustainability	15
6. Innovative value	10
7. Theory of change	15
8. Institutional mandate/scope of work	10
TOTAL (Qualifying score = 70%)	100
	Marks



4. Submitted concepts – 15th August

Country	A	B	C	Total
KEN	11	3	1	15
MAD	4	2	1	7
MAU	4	1	1	6
MOZ	2			2
SEY		3	1	4
RSA		3		3
URT	7	1	1	9
Total	27	13	5	45



5. NIC Submissions

- Review period: September to December 2018
- Countries submitted:
 - *Kenya*
 - *Mauritius*
 - *Madagascar*
 - *Republic of South Africa*
 - *Seychelles*
- Other countries in 2nd round
- Need for urgency: Legacy of the Project, time required
- Technical support where required



6. Criteria for Experts Evaluation

Major focus was on technical and regional relevance

Each concept reviewed by a minimum of 2 experts

- Adequacy of background and justification of the proposed intervention
- Clarity of objectives, aligned to the problem statement/justification and achievable within the project timeframe of 2.5 years
- Alignment of expected results to the proposed objectives?
- Regional relevance and potential for replication/up-scaling beyond the proposed site/country
- Need for major/further technical input
- Recommendations for full proposal development



7. Experts Review Process

- Respective Task Forces appointed their Chairs
- Chair coordinated collation of comments for each concept at Component level
- Chair facilitated final recommendations for each concept with solid supporting comments
- Chair reported back to plenary on each concept focusing on major comments and final recommendations
- Focal Points could give clarity on national concepts



7. Reviewed Concepts

A Sustainable Management of Critical Habitats

- 1 Enhancing stakeholder capacity on use of ICZM as a tool for conservation of the coastal and marine environment through a demo ICZM Project in Malindi –Sabaki Estuary Area, Kenya
- 2 Towards integrated spatial planning for sustainable management of coastal and marine resources in Kilifi county, Kenya
- 3 Coral culture for small scale reef rehabilitation in Mauritius
- 4 Habitat restoration and attraction of seabirds to Ile aux Aigrettes (Mauritius)
- 5 Vulnerability Assessment of Blue Carbon Ecosystem (Seagrass) around the island of Mauritius



7. Reviewed Concepts

A	Sustainable Management of Critical Habitats
6	Community-based ecological wetland rehabilitation using an Ecosystem-based approach - Seychelles
7	Gestion durable des mangroves de la Région Littorale de Boeny, Madagascar



7. Reviewed Concepts

B

Improved water Quality

- 1 Improving Mtwapa Creek water quality by use of Constructed Wetland technology for wastewater treatment model in Shimo la Tewa Prison' – IMCoW Project, Kenya
- 2 Wastewater treatment in Seychelles
- 3 Investigating the causes and impacts of impaired water quality on the living marine resources and associated dependent communities in order to develop / improve national standards and guidelines of water quality maintenance, South Africa
- 4 Improvement of ecosystem health and water quality by implementing a Source to Sea based approach to tackle marine litter in five priority river systems in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa



8. Reviewed Concepts

B Improved Water Quality

- 5 Strengthening regulatory framework and national capacity for monitoring effluent discharges, water, and sediments quality in coastal and marine areas of Madagascar

C Sustainable Management of River Flows

- 4 Improvement of ecosystem health and water quality by implementing a Source to Sea based approach to tackle marine litter in five priority river systems in Durban, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa



Major Experts Review Comments

- **A number of concepts were strong in many key aspects – priority issues**
- *Background/justification weak for some concepts*
- *Objectives too broad*
- *No clear alignment between objectives and results*
- *Theory of change weak – absent.....*
- *No evidence of capacity of proponents.....*
- *Lack of clarity in expected results*
- *Level of ambition*



Major Experts Review Comments

- *Lack of clear understanding on E-Flows and its application as a tool in IWRM*
- *Need for Result Based Matrix*
- *Clarify of definition on evaluation criteria*
- *Further technical input needed for a number of concepts*



All 13 concepts recommended for full proposal development

Next steps

- *Seek for PSC's approval of these concepts for full proposal development*
- *Communication with proponents*
- *Technical support to ensure design of competent proposals (where necessary)*
- *One month timeline for full proposal submission*
 - *Experts and NIC comments*
 - *Theory of change*
 - *Results Based Matrix*
 - *Capacity and any needed support*
 - *Budget: Categorized and justified*
- *Plan review of concepts for 2nd round*



Synergy:

1. SIDA

Partnership for Marine and Coastal Governance & Fisheries Management in the Western Indian Ocean Region

- UN FAO and UNEP
- Components:
 - I. Coordination between fisheries and environmental management institutions enhanced at national and regional levels;
 - II. Resilience of livelihoods based on WIO marine and coastal ecosystem and habitats enhanced; and
 - III. Coastal fisheries are sustainably managed using the ecosystem approach to fisheries and livelihoods options enhanced.





2. FFEM

Project Title: Integrated management of the marine and coastal resources of the Northern Mozambique Channel

Component 1: Laying the institutional and knowledge foundations for the application of multi-stakeholder based Marine Spatial Planning (MSP) across the NMC region

Component 2: Planning and adoption of environmental and social best practices in the oil and gas sector to mitigate impacts on biodiversity and ecosystem services in the NMC.

Component 3: Replication and upscaling of successful models for community-based resource management and improved livelihoods and welfare.





Lessons Learnt from WIOLAB: *Relevant for WIOSAP Demonstration Projects*

- Technical capacity
- Weak stakeholder relationships
- Poor sustainability strategies
- Weak project oversight/management
- High turn-over of project staff
- Bureaucratic bottlenecks
- Monitoring and Evaluation

Plenary Discussions

1. Submissions from other countries in 2nd round
2. Engagement at National Level in proposal development – specific needs
3. SSFAs for NICs need to fast-tracked
4. Areas of synergy with SAPPHIRE – to be discussed after my colleague's presentation

